Installation and Operating Manual
MODEL H6G
REFRACTORY DRILLING SYSTEM

M/N | DESCRIPTION
---|---
AA | NONE
EX# | 12" EXTENSION(s) #=Required Number needed.
WH | 50 ft (15M) EXTENSION HOSE
DM | ½" 0-600 RPM; 120VAC 900 WATT; MILWAUKEE #1001-1 DRILL MOTOR

Customer: ________________________________

Purchase Order No: ________________________________

Project: ________________________________

Tag Number(s): ________________________________

Other: ________________________________

LOWER GUIDE BEARING

UPPER GUIDE BEARING

WATER SWIVEL

WATER CONTROL VALVE

CORE DRILL

DRILL GUIDE

MODEL EXAMPLE: H6G - * - * - * -

(REPLACE * WITH ACTUAL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES)
### Components of the H6G Refractory Drilling System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model or P/N</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24-359AA</td>
<td>Core Drill</td>
<td>22” (558mm) long, 2.18” (55 mm) diameter core drill with diamond cutting matrix</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24-362ZZ</td>
<td>Water Swivel Assembly</td>
<td>Attaches between the drill motor and the core drill to provide water to the interior of the drill for wet drilling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HRG</td>
<td>Drill Guide</td>
<td>Bolts to the nozzle flange and guides the core drill to create a centered hole perpendicular to the flange.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24-430NY</td>
<td>Drill Bearings</td>
<td>These bearings center the core drill in the drill guide during drilling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24-431NY</td>
<td>Drill Bearings</td>
<td>Attaches between the water swivel and core drill. Used when the nozzle height + refractory thickness is greater than 22” (559mm). H6G Drilling Systems with the –EX option have one or more of these extensions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24-377AA</td>
<td>Drill Extension</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following are other components of the HTP/HTX Claus Thermal Reactor Thermocouple System referenced in this manual.

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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>HTP</td>
<td>Claus Thermal Reaction Furnace Thermocouple</td>
<td>Thermocouple assembly with mounting flange, purge connections, terminal enclosure, housing, and element well. Models HTP and HTX are identical in operation, installation, and performance with only slight differences in dimensions. See claustemp.com/00-htp01.pdf or claustemp.com/00-htx01.pdf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HRW</td>
<td>Refractory Well</td>
<td>The large refractory well rests on the refractory and protects the element well. See claustemp.com/00-hrw01.pdf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HRS</td>
<td>Refractory Stop</td>
<td>Installed on the nozzle prior to refractory installation to prevent castable from entering the nozzle. See claustemp.com/00-hrs06.pdf</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Spare Parts – Model H6G Refractory Drilling System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>24-359AA</td>
<td>Drill Bit, Diamond Matrix, 2.18” Diameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>24-431NY</td>
<td>Bearing, Upper, Sleeve Type Nylon with Flange Collar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>24-430NY</td>
<td>Bearing, Lower, Sleeve Type Nylon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>24-377AA</td>
<td>Extension, Drill Bit, 12” length</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Improper installation is the primary cause of failure of thermocouples installed in Claus Thermal Reaction Furnaces. The main issue with the installation is the creation of the "bore-hole" through the refractory at the mounting nozzle. This hole must be of the proper ID, centered in the nozzle and perpendicular to the nozzle flange. Attempts to drill the hole ‘by hand’ invariably produce inadequate results.

The Delta Controls Model H6G Refractory Drilling System assures that the proper hole will be created. The primary component is the Guide Assembly, which fastens to a 4” or 6” 150 or 300 class nozzle flange and features a guide tube extension that inserts down into the vessel nozzle to within approximately 50 mm (2”) of the refractory. A core drill with two nylon guide bearings is inserted into the guide tube which keeps the drill properly centered and aligned during the drilling.

Before Installation

Prior to beginning the refractory drilling operation, it is important to examine the nozzle to verify that no insulating castable material has entered the base of the mounting nozzle and that the top (cold face) refractory surface is flush with the inside surface of the vessel shell (within about 6 mm (1/4’’). This is important because certain components of the thermocouple system are built-to-order using the refractory thickness as a critical dimension. If the top surface of the refractory is not even with the inside of the vessel shell, the large outer HRW Refractory Well will then be positioned too high in the nozzle, likely resulting in breakage of the thermocouple due to mechanical interference as it is inserted into the nozzle. Any refractory extending into the base of the nozzle should be removed prior to drilling.

Note: If the refractory installation has not yet begun, install the Delta Controls Model HRS Refractory Stop onto the flange and properly adjust it prior to beginning refractory work. The refractory stop will prevent castable material from entering the base of the nozzle. See www.claustemp.com/00-hrs06.pdf for information.

The base of the nozzle should appear as shown in illustration number “3” shown below.
Preparation

After preparing the work site, the following must be secured:

1. **Either an electric or pneumatic drill motor or grinder** that is fitted with either a ½” chuck or a 5/8”-11NC male threaded shaft. The drill motor should be fitted with an auxiliary side handle to maintain a firm grip in the event the drill bit would bind or stall. The water swivel adapter is fitted with the tri-flat shaft that fits a ½” drill chuck. If the drill/grinder is set up for the 5/8”-11NC thread, the tri-flat chuck adapter must be removed from the water swivel adapter. This is easily done using two adjustable wrenches. This exposes the 5/8”-11NC female thread in the top shaft of the water swivel adapter.

2. **The water and electric/pneumatic power** connections must be brought to the site.

3. **Two sets of flange studs / nuts** to attach the drill guide flange to the nozzle flange. (Note: For use on a 6” 300# flange, standard flange studs/nuts cannot be used. Instead, two 3/8” x 2-3/4” bolts with a special sleeve and nuts/washers (included with the 6” 300# flange installations) must be used to connect the two slots in the outer edge of the drill guide flange to two corresponding vessel flange bolt holes. The sleeve is used inside the flange bolt hole to center the 3/8” bolt which aids in centering of the drill guide assembly on the vessel flange.)

4. **Hand tools**: adjustable wrenches for the attachment of flange nuts and bolts and pliers for hose fittings.

5. **Water Connection** - The water swivel adapter is fitted with a flow control valve and a variety of adapters and connectors as shown below. Use the appropriate adapters to connect to your water supply.

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Use of Water in Drilling

A small amount of water is supplied to the inside of the drill using a swivel adapter / flow valve connected to a water supply hose. Drilling the hole with water promotes fast drilling and extends the life of the drill by preventing overheating of the diamond matrix. The required water flow is very small – barely a trickle is needed. Prior to inserting the drill into the guide, adjust the flow via the use of the water valve; the flow should be the minimum continuous flow stream above a drip (approximately 60 ml/min or 1 GPH), but higher flow is acceptable. **NOTE**: Some refractory contractors will not permit the use of water as some types of heat-set mortar could be damaged by water. **Check with the refractory contractor to determine the compatibility of the mortar.** Drilling the hole without the use of water is possible, but drilling will be much slower and may require more than one core drill.

Drill Extensions

If the vessel nozzle height + refractory thickness is greater than 22 inches (550 mm), a drill extension (Model Suffix “EX”) will be needed to completely drill through the refractory.
Using the H6G Drilling System

1. Place the Drill Guide on the Nozzle Flange and center it. Using two stud/nuts, tighten snugly (do not over tighten). The guide tube should not contact the refractory.

2. Establish proper water flow, insert the drill in the guide and begin drilling.

3. Drill the hole. (Note the position of the sleeve bearings in the guide tube.) Periodically check and adjust water flow as needed.

4. Remove the drill guide. The nozzle is ready for inspection and thermocouple installation.